

**310-V - PRESCRIPTION MEDICATIONS/PHARMACY SERVICES**

EFFECTIVE DATES: 10/01/94, 01/01/18, 10/01/18, 07/19/19, 09/01/20

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**I. PURPOSE**

This Policy applies to ACC, ALTCS E/PD, DCS/CMDP (CMDP), DES/DDD (DDD), RBHA Contractors; and Fee-For-Service (FFS) Programs including: Tribal ALTCS, TRBHAs, and the American Indian Health Program (AIHP), and all FFS providers, excluding Federal Emergency Services (FES). (For FES, refer to AMPM Chapter 1100). The purpose of this Policy is to outline medication/pharmacy coverage requirements and limitations of the AHCCCS pharmacy benefit.

**FEDERAL AUTHORITY:** Arizona State Plan, *Clinic Services*

**II. DEFINITIONS**

<b>340B CEILING PRICE</b>	The maximum price that drug manufacturers may charge covered entities participating in the 340B Drug Pricing Program as reported by the drug manufacturer to the United States Department of Health and Human Services. The 340B Ceiling Price per unit is defined as the Average Manufacturer Price minus the Federal Unit Rebate Amount.
<b>340B CONTRACTED PHARMACIES</b>	A separate pharmacy that a 340B covered entity contracts with to provide and dispense prescription and physician-administered drugs using medications that are subject to 340B drug pricing program.
<b>340B COVERED ENTITY</b>	An organization as defined by 42 United States Code section 256b that participates in the 340B drug pricing program.
<b>340B DRUG PRICING PROGRAM</b>	The discount drug purchasing program described in section 256b of 42 United States Code.
<b>ACTUAL ACQUISITION COST</b>	The purchase price of a drug paid by a pharmacy net of all discounts, rebates, chargebacks and other adjustments to the price of the drug, not including professional fees.

**ADVERSE DRUG EVENT  
(ADE)**

An injury resulting from medical intervention related to a drug including harms that occur during medical care that are directly caused by the drug including but not limited to medication errors, adverse drug reactions, allergic reactions, and overdose.

**AHCCCS DRUG LIST**

A list of federally and state reimbursable behavioral health and physical health care medications that is to be used by AHCCCS FFS Programs and all Contractors responsible for the administration of acute and long-term care pharmacy benefits. This drug list identifies specific federally and state reimbursable medications and related products, which are supported by current evidence-based medicine. The AHCCCS Drug List includes preferred drugs and was developed to encourage the use of safe, effective, clinically appropriate, and the most cost-effective medications.

**AVERAGE  
MANUFACTURER PRICE  
(AMP)**

The average price paid by wholesalers for drugs distributed to the retail class of trade, net of customary prompt pay discounts.

**BIOSIMILAR**

A biological drug approved by the FDA based on a showing that it is highly similar to an FDA-Approved biological drug, known as the reference product, and has no clinically meaningful differences in terms of safety and effectiveness from the reference product.

**CENTERS FOR MEDICARE  
AND MEDICAID SERVICES  
(CMS)**

Refers to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and is the federal agency within the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) that administers the Medicare program and works in partnership with state governments to administer Medicaid.

**FEDERAL SUPPLY  
SCHEDULE (FSS)**

The collection of multiple award contracts used by Federal agencies, U.S. territories, Indian tribes and other specified entities to purchase supplies and services from outside vendors. FSS prices for the pharmaceutical schedule are negotiated by the VA and are based on the prices that manufacturers charge their “most-favored” non-Federal customers under comparable terms and conditions.

**GENERIC DRUG**

A drug that contains the same active ingredient(s) as a brand name drug and the FDA has approved it to be manufactured and marketed after the brand name drug's patent expires. Generic drug substitution shall be completed in accordance with Arizona State Board of Pharmacy rules and regulations.

**HEALTH CARE DECISION MAKER**

An individual who is authorized to make health care treatment decisions for the patient. As applicable to the particular situation, this may include a parent of an unemancipated minor or a person lawfully authorized to make health care treatment decisions pursuant to A.R.S. title 14, chapter 5, article 2 or 3; or A.R.S. §§ 8-514.05, 36-3221, 36-3231 or 36-3281.

**MEDICATION ERROR**

The inappropriate use of a drug that may or may not result in harm; such errors may occur during prescribing, transcribing, dispensing, administering, adherence, or monitoring of a drug.

**NOMINAL PRICE**

A drug that is purchased for a price that is less than 10% of the Average Manufacturer Price in the same quarter for which the AMP is computed.

**NON-PREFERRED DRUG**

A medication that is not listed on the AHCCCS Drug List. Non-preferred drugs require prior authorization.

**PALLIATIVE CARE**

Medical care for members with a chronic or terminal illness. It focuses on providing members with relief from symptoms and the stress of illness. The goal is to improve the quality of life for both the member and his or her families. It is appropriate at any age and any stage in the illness and can be provided in conjunction with curative treatment outside the context of hospice care.

**PHARMACY AND THERAPEUTICS (P&T) COMMITTEE**

The advisory committee to AHCCCS, which is responsible for developing, managing, updating, and administering the AHCCCS Drug List. The P&T Committee is primarily comprised of physicians, pharmacists, nurses, other health care professionals and community members.

**PREFERRED DRUG**

A medication that has been clinically reviewed and approved by the AHCCCS P&T Committee for inclusion on the AHCCCS Drug List as a preferred drug due to its proven clinical efficacy and cost effectiveness.

**PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER (PCP)**

An individual who meets the requirements of A.R.S. § 36-2901 (14), and who is responsible for the management of a member's health care.

<b>PROFESSIONAL FEE</b>	The amount paid for the professional services provided by the pharmacist for dispensing a prescription. The Professional Fee does not include any payment for the drug being dispensed.
<b>SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS (SMI)</b>	A diagnosis of a condition defined in A.R.S. §36-550 in a person 18 years of age or older.
<b>STANDING ORDER</b>	An AHCCCS Registered Prescriber’s order that can be exercised by other health care workers for a member that meets the designated criteria by the prescribing provider.
<b>STEP THERAPY</b>	The practice of initiating drug therapy for a medical condition with the most cost-effective and safe drug, and stepping up through a sequence of alternative drug therapies if the preceding treatment option fails.
<b>USUAL &amp; CUSTOMARY PRICE (U&amp;C)</b>	The dollar amount of a pharmacy's charge for a prescription to the general public, a special population, or an inclusive category of customers that reflects all advertised savings, discounts, special promotions, or other programs including membership based discounts.

### **III. POLICY**

AHCCCS and its Contractors shall cover medically necessary, cost-effective and federally and state reimbursable medications for members as prescribed and/or administered by a physician, physician’s assistant, nurse practitioner, dentist, or other AHCCCS registered practitioner with prescriptive authority in the State of Arizona and dispensed by an AHCCCS registered licensed pharmacy pursuant to 9 A.A.C. 22 Article 2, 9 A.A.C. 28 Article 2, and 9 A.A.C. 31 Article 2., and for persons who have a diagnosis of SMI, pursuant to A.R.S. §36-550.

Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG) provisions shall apply to Children with Serious Emotional Disturbance (SED), Individuals in First Episode Psychosis (FEP), and Adults with SMI designation. For Individuals with a Substance Use Disorder (SUD), Substance Abuse Block Grant (SABG) provisions shall apply. Refer to AMPM Policy 320-T for additional requirements.

#### **A. THE AHCCCS DRUG LIST**

The AHCCCS P&T Committee is responsible for developing, managing, and updating the AHCCCS Drug List to assist providers in selecting clinically appropriate and cost-effective drugs for AHCCCS members. Refer to ACOM Policy 111.

Each Contractor is required to maintain its own drug list to meet the unique needs of the members they serve. At a minimum, the Contractor's drug list shall include all of the drugs listed on the AHCCCS Drug List as further detailed below.

**The AHCCCS Drug List is not an all-inclusive list of medications for AHCCCS members. Contractors are required to cover *all* medically necessary, clinically appropriate, and cost-effective medications that are federally and state reimbursable regardless of whether or not these medications are included on this list.**

#### 1. Preferred Drugs

The AHCCCS Drug List designates medications that are Preferred Drugs for specific therapeutic classes. Contractors are required to maintain Preferred Drug lists that include each and every drug exactly as listed on the AHCCCS Drug List. When the AHCCCS Drug List specifies a Preferred Drug(s) in a particular therapeutic class, Contractors are not permitted to add other Preferred Drugs to their Preferred Drug lists in those therapeutic classes.

Contractors shall inform their Pharmacy Benefit Managers (PBM) of the Preferred Drugs and shall require the PBM to institute point-of-sale edits that communicate back to the pharmacy the **Preferred Drug(s) of a therapeutic class whenever a claim is submitted for a Non-Preferred Drug**. Preferred Drugs recommended by the AHCCCS P&T Committee and approved by AHCCCS are effective on the first day of the first month of the quarter following the P&T Meeting unless otherwise communicated by AHCCCS.

Contractors shall approve the Preferred Drugs listed for the therapeutic classes contained on the AHCCCS Drug List, as appropriate, before approving a Non-Preferred Drug unless:

- a. The member has previously completed Step Therapy using the Preferred Drug(s),  
or
- b. The member's prescribing clinician supports the medical necessity of the Non-Preferred Drug over the Preferred Drug for the particular member.

2. Contractors are not required to provide a Notice of Adverse Benefit Determination (NOA) when the prescribing clinician is in agreement with the change to the Preferred Drug. A prior authorization (PA) request may be submitted for the Non-Preferred Drug when the prescribing clinician is not in agreement with transition to the Preferred Drug. Contractors shall issue a NOA in accordance with ACOM Policy 414 for Service Authorizations when a PA request is denied or a previously approved authorization is terminated, suspended, or reduced. Grandfathering of Non-Preferred Drugs

Grandfathering of Non-Preferred Drugs refers to the continued authorization of Non-Preferred Drugs for members who are currently utilizing Non-Preferred Drugs

without having completed Step Therapy of the Preferred Drug(s) on the AHCCCS Drug List, as appropriate.

The AHCCCS P&T Committee shall make recommendations to AHCCCS on the grandfathering status of each Non-Preferred Drug for each therapeutic class reviewed by the committee. AHCCCS shall communicate to Contractors the Non-Preferred Drugs that have been approved for grandfathering. Contractors are required to grandfather members on these medications.

### 3. Prior Authorization

The AHCCCS Drug List specifies which medications require PA prior to dispensing the medication.

Contractors may establish PA criteria based on clinical appropriateness, scientific evidence, and standards of practice that include, but are not limited, to all of the following:

- a. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications and limits,
- b. Published practice guidelines and treatment protocols,
- c. Comparative data evaluating the efficacy, type and frequency of side effects and potential drug interactions among alternative products as well as the risks, benefits and potential member outcomes,
- d. Drug Facts and Comparisons,
- e. American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information,
- f. United States Pharmacopeia – Drug Information,
- g. DRUGDEX Information System,
- h. UpToDate,
- i. MicroMedex,
- j. Peer-reviewed medical literature, including randomized clinical trials, outcomes, research data and pharmacoeconomic studies, and
- k. Other drug reference resources

All federally and state reimbursable drugs that are not listed on the AHCCCS Drug List or the Contractors' drug lists shall be available through the PA process.

A federally and state reimbursable medication shall not be denied solely due to the lack of a FDA indication. Off-Label prescribing may be clinically appropriate as outlined and evidenced by a. through k. above.

Contractors are prohibited from adding PA and/or Step Therapy requirements to medications listed on the AHCCCS Drug List when the List does not specify these requirements.

In addition, Contractors are prohibited from denying coverage of a medically necessary medication when the member's primary insurer, other than Medicare Part D, refuses to approve the request and the primary insurer's grievance and appeals process has been

completed. Contractors must evaluate the medical necessity of the submitted prior authorization for all federally and state reimbursable medications including those listed and those not listed on the AHCCCS Drug List.

In addition, for medications that are Non-Preferred Drugs and not listed on the AHCCCS Drug List, Contractors shall evaluate the submitted PA request on an individual basis.

#### 4. Requests for Changes to the AHCCCS Drug List

Requests for medication additions, deletions or other changes to the AHCCCS Drug List shall be reviewed by the AHCCCS P&T Committee. Requests shall be submitted no later than 60 days prior to the AHCCCS P&T Meeting to the AHCCCS Pharmacy Department email at: [AHCCCSPharmacyDept@azahcccs.gov](mailto:AHCCCSPharmacyDept@azahcccs.gov)

The request shall include all of the following information:

- a. Name of medication requested (brand name and generic name),
- b. Dosage forms, strengths and corresponding costs of the medication requested,
- c. Average daily dosage,
- d. FDA indication and accepted off-label use,
- e. Advantages or disadvantages of the medication over currently available products on the AHCCCS Drug List,
- f. ADE reported with the medication,
- g. Specific monitoring requirements and costs associated with these requirements, and
- h. A clinical summary for the addition, deletion, or change request.

#### 5. Quantity Limits/Step Therapy

Step Therapy programs apply coverage rules at the point of service when a claim is adjudicated that typically require the use of a more cost effective drug that is safe and effective to be used prior to approval of a more costly medication.

For all Preferred Drugs specified on the AHCCCS Drug List, Contractors shall adopt the quantity limits and Step Therapy requirements exactly as they are presented on the AHCCCS Drug List. For therapeutic classes where there are no Preferred Drugs identified on the AHCCCS Drug List, Contractors may develop Step Therapy requirements.

Contractors are not required to provide a NOA when the prescribing clinician is in agreement with the change to the first-line drug. A PA may be submitted for the second-line drug when the prescribing clinician is not in agreement with the transition request to the first-line drug. Contractors shall issue a NOA in accordance with ACOM Policy 414 for Service Authorizations when a PA request is denied, or a previously approved authorization is terminated, suspended, or reduced.

**B. GENERIC AND BIOSIMILAR DRUG SUBSTITUTIONS**

1. Contractors shall utilize a mandatory Generic Drug substitution policy that requires the use of a generic equivalent drug whenever one is available. The exceptions to this requirement are:
  - a. A brand name drug may be covered when a generic equivalent is available when the Contractor's negotiated rate for the brand name drug is equal to or less than the cost of the Generic Drug, and
  - b. AHCCCS may require Contractors to provide coverage of a brand name drug when the cost of the Generic Drug has an overall negative financial impact to the State. The overall financial impact to the State includes consideration of the federal and supplemental rebates.
2. Prescribing clinicians shall clinically justify the use of a brand-name drug over the use of its generic equivalent through the PA process.
3. Generic and Biosimilar substitutions shall adhere to Arizona State Board of Pharmacy rules and regulations.
4. AHCCCS Contractors shall not transition to a Biosimilar drug until AHCCCS has determined that the Biosimilar drug is overall more cost-effective to the state than the continued use of the brand name drug.

**C. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR MEDICATION COVERAGE**

1. Members transitioning to a different health plan or FFS are covered for medications as follows:
  - a. The transferring Contractor or AHCCCS shall provide coverage for medically necessary, cost-effective, and federally and state reimbursable medications until such time that the member transitions to their new health plan or FFS Program, and
  - b. All Contractors, FFS Program providers, and TRBHAs are responsible for coordinating care when transferring a member to a new health plan or FFS Program to ensure that the member's medications are continued during the transition.
2. Contractors and FFS Programs shall provide coverage for medically necessary, cost-effective, and federally and state reimbursable behavioral health medications provided by a PCP within their scope of practice. For the antipsychotic class of medications, prior authorization may be required. This includes the monitoring and adjustments of behavioral health medications. For additional information refer to the AMPM Policy 510.
3. Behavioral Health Medication Coverage for AHCCCS members transitioning between a Behavioral Health Medical Professional (BHMP) and a PCP.



For members transitioning from a BHMP to a PCP or from a PCP to a BHMP: PCPs and BHMPs shall coordinate the care and ensure that the member has a sufficient supply of medication(s) to last through the date of the member's first appointment with the PCP or BHMP.

4. Behavioral Health Medication Coverage for members who are not enrolled in an integrated plan to obtain both Physical and Behavioral Health services.

For Contractor requirements regarding payment responsibility for physical and behavioral health services refer to ACOM Policy 432.

For FFS program requirements regarding payment responsibility for physical and behavioral health services refer to FFS Billing Manual.

5. Crisis Drug List

The RBHAs shall coordinate and develop a single Crisis Drug List of medications. The RBHAs shall provide coverage of these medications that are prescribed for Non-Title XIX/XX1 – Non-SMI individuals that receive crisis services.

Federal and state reimbursable behavioral health medications including those on the AHCCCS Drug List shall be available when prescribing behavioral health medications for Title XIX/XXI and SMI members requesting crisis services.

The initial prescription shall be written for up to a 7-day supply with one refill if applicable.

The Crisis Drug List shall be submitted to AHCCCS/DHCM, Medical Management for review and approval as specified in Contract.

The RBHAs shall post the Crisis Drug List on their respective websites.

6. Guest Dosing of Methadone or Buprenorphine

An individual receiving Methadone or Buprenorphine administration services who is not a recipient of take home medication may receive guest dosing of Methadone or Buprenorphine from the area Contractor when the individual is traveling outside of home OTP center. Refer to AMPM Policy 660.

#### **D. OVER-THE-COUNTER MEDICATION**

AHCCCS and its Contractors may cover an over-the-counter medication under the pharmacy benefit when it is prescribed in place of a covered prescription medication that is clinically appropriate, equally safe and effective, and more cost effective than the covered prescription medication.

**E. PRESCRIPTION DRUG COVERAGE, BILLING LIMITATIONS AND PRESCRIPTION DELIVERY**

1. A new prescription or refill prescription in excess of a 30-day supply is not covered unless:
  - a. The medication is prescribed for chronic illness and the prescription is limited to no more than a 90-day supply,
  - b. The member will be out of the provider's service area for an extended period of time and the prescription is limited to the extended time period, not to exceed 90 days, or
  - c. The medication is prescribed for contraception and the prescription is limited to no more than a 90-day supply.
2. Prescription drugs for covered transplant services will be provided in accordance with AMPM Policy 310-DD.
3. AHCCCS covers the following for persons diagnosed with SMI and AHCCCS members who are eligible to receive Medicare:
  - a. Over-the-counter medications that are not covered as part of the Medicare Part D prescription drug program and the drug meets the requirements in section D of this policy, and
  - b. A drug that is excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D by CMS and the drug is medically necessary and federally reimbursable.
4. Pharmacies shall not charge a member the cash price for a prescription, other than an applicable copayment, when the medication is federally and state reimbursable and the prescription is ordered by an AHCCCS Registered Prescribing Clinician.
5. Pharmacies shall not split bill the cost of a prescription claim to AHCCCS or its Contractors' PBMs for an AHCCCS member. Contractors' PBMs Pharmacies shall not allow a member to pay cash for a partial prescription quantity for a federally and state reimbursable medication when the ordered drug is written by an AHCCCS Registered Prescribing Clinician.
6. Pharmacies are prohibited from auto-filling prescription medications.
7. Pharmacies shall not submit prescription claims for reimbursement in excess of the U&C charged to the general public.
  - a. The sum of charges for both the product cost and dispensing fee may not exceed a pharmacy's U&C Price for the same prescription, and
  - b. The U&C submitted ingredient cost shall be the lowest amount accepted from any member of the general public who participates in the pharmacy provider's savings or discount programs including programs that require the member to enroll or pay a fee to join the program.

8. Pharmacies that purchase drugs at a Nominal Price outside of 340B or the FSS shall bill their Actual Acquisition Cost of the drug.
9. Pharmacies, at their discretion, may deliver or mail prescription medications to an AHCCCS member or to an AHCCCS registered provider's office for a specific AHCCCS member.

**F. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS FOR LONG-ACTING OPIOID MEDICATIONS**

1. PA is required for all long-acting opioid prescription medications unless the member's diagnosis is one the following:
  - a. Active oncology diagnosis with neoplasm related pain,
  - b. Hospice care, or
  - c. End of life care (other than hospice).

The prescriber shall obtain approval or an exception for all long-acting opioid prescription medications from the Contractor, Contractor's Pharmacy Benefit Management (PBM) or AHCCCS' PBM, as applicable.

**G. 5-DAY SUPPLY LIMIT OF PRESCRIPTION SHORT ACTING OPIOID MEDICATIONS**

1. Members under 18 years of age
  - a. Except as otherwise specified in Section G(1)(b), *Conditions and Care Exclusion from the 5-day Supply Limitation*, a prescriber shall limit the **initial and refill** prescriptions for any short-acting opioid medication for a member under 18 years of age to no more than a 5-day supply, An **initial** prescription for a short-acting opioid medication is one in which the member has not previously filled any prescription for a short-acting opioid medication within 60 days of the date of the pharmacy filling the current prescription as evidenced by the member's PBM prescription profile,
  - b. Conditions and Care Exclusion from the 5-day Supply Limitation:
    - i. The **initial and refill** prescription 5-day supply limitation for short-acting opioid medications *does not* apply to prescriptions for the following conditions and care instances:
      - 1) Active oncology diagnosis,
      - 2) Hospice care,
      - 3) End-of-life care (other than hospice),
      - 4) Palliative Care,
      - 5) Children on opioid wean at time of hospital discharge,
      - 6) Skilled nursing facility care,
      - 7) Traumatic injury, excluding post-surgical procedures, and
      - 8) Chronic conditions for which the provider has received PA approval through the Contractor.
    - ii. The **initial** prescription 5-day supply limitation for short-acting opioid medications does not apply to prescriptions for post-surgical procedures. However, initial prescriptions for short-acting opioid medications for post-

surgical procedures are limited to a supply of no more than 14 days. Refill prescriptions for short-acting opioid medications for post-surgical procedures are limited to no more than a 5-day supply.

For additional information on the exclusions, refer to Attachment B.

For additional information on the traumatic injury ICD-10 codes, refer to Attachment C.

2. Members 18 years of age and older
  - a. Except as otherwise specified in Section G(2)(b), *Conditions and Care Exclusion from the 5-day Supply Limitation*, a prescriber shall limit the **initial** prescription for any short-acting opioid medication for a member 18 years of age and older to no more than a 5-day supply,  
An **initial** prescription for a short-acting opioid medication is one in which the member has not previously filled any prescription for a short-acting opioid medication within 60 days of the date of the pharmacy filling the current prescription as evidenced by the member’s PBM prescription profile,
  - b. Conditions and Care Exclusion from the 5-day Initial Supply Limitation. The **initial** prescription 5-day supply limitation for short-acting opioid medications *does not* apply to prescriptions for the following conditions and care instances:
    - i. Active oncology diagnosis,
    - ii. Hospice care,
    - iii. Palliative Care,
    - iv. Skilled nursing facility care,
    - v. Traumatic injury, excluding post-surgical procedures, and
    - vi. Post-surgical procedures.

Initial prescriptions for short-acting opioid medications for post-surgical procedures are limited to a supply of no more than 14 days.

For additional information on the exclusions, refer to Attachment B.

For additional information on the traumatic injury ICD-10 codes, refer to Attachment C.

#### **H. ADDITIONAL FEDERAL OPIOID LEGISLATION (42 USC 1396A(OO)) MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

AHCCCS and its Contractors shall implement automated processes to monitor the following:

1. Opioid safety edits at the Point-of-Sale.
2. Member utilization when the cumulative current utilization of opioid(s) is a Morphine Equivalent Daily Dose of greater than 90.

3. Members with concurrent use of an opioid(s) in conjunction with a benzodiazepine(s) and/or an antipsychotic(s).
4. Antipsychotic prescribing for children.
5. Fraud, Waste and Abuse by enrolled members, pharmacies and prescribing clinicians.

All Contractors shall report Drug Utilization Review management activities annually for numbers 1. through 5. above as required by AHCCCS and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid.

## **I. NALOXONE**

Naloxone is a prescription medication that reverses the effects of an opioid overdose. AHCCCS and its Contractors cover and consider Naloxone an essential prescription medication to reduce the risk and prevent an opioid overdose death. AHCCCS requires a prescription, ordered by an AHCCCS registered provider, be on file at the pharmacy when Naloxone is dispensed to or for a specific AHCCCS member.

1. A Standing Order written by the Director of the Arizona Department of Health Services is on file at all Arizona pharmacies.
2. Eligible candidates that may obtain Naloxone include but are not limited to:
  - a. Members:
    - i. Using illicit or non-prescription opioids with a history of such use,
    - ii. With a history of opioid misuse, intoxication, and/or a recipient of emergency medical care for acute opioid poisoning,
    - iii. Prescribed high dose opioid prescriptions of 90 MEDD or less if there are other risk factors,
    - iv. Prescribed an opioid with a known or suspected concurrent alcohol use,
    - v. From opioid detoxification and mandatory abstinence programs,
    - vi. Treated with methadone for addiction or pain,
    - vii. With an opioid addiction and smoking/COPD or other respiratory illness or obstruction,
    - viii. Prescribed opioids who also have renal, hepatic, cardiac or HIV/AIDs disease,
    - ix. Who may have difficulty accessing emergency services, and/or
    - x. Assigned to a pharmacy and or prescribing clinician,
  - b. Persons who voluntarily request Naloxone and are the family member or friend of a member at risk of experiencing an opioid related overdose, and
  - c. Persons who voluntarily request Naloxone and are in the position to assist a member at risk of experiencing an opioid related overdose.
3. AHCCCS and its Contractors cover the following:
  - a. Naloxone Solution plus syringes,
  - b. Naloxone Nasal Spray known as Narcan Nasal Spray, and

- c. Refills of the above Naloxone products on an as needed basis.
4. Every recipient shall be educated on the use of Naloxone by the pharmacist dispensing the medication in accordance with Arizona State Board of Pharmacy Regulations.
5. Naloxone is contraindicated for members with a known history of hypersensitivity to Naloxone or any of its ingredients.

**J. AHCCCS PHARMACY BENEFIT EXCLUSIONS**

The following are excluded and are not covered:

1. Medications prescribed for the treatment of a sexual or erectile dysfunction, unless:
  - a. The medication is prescribed to treat a condition other than a sexual or erectile dysfunction, and
  - b. The FDA has approved the medication for the specific condition.
2. Medications that are personally dispensed by a physician, dentist, or other provider except in geographically remote areas where there is no participating pharmacy or when accessible pharmacies are closed.
3. Drugs classified as Drug Efficacy Study Implementation (DESI) drugs by the FDA.
4. Outpatient medications for members under the Federal Emergency Services Program, except for dialysis related medications for Extended Services individuals.
5. Medical Marijuana (refer to AMPM Policy 320-M).
6. Drugs eligible for coverage under Medicare Part D for AHCCCS members eligible for Medicare whether or not the member obtains Medicare Part D coverage.
7. Experimental medications.
8. Medications furnished solely for cosmetic purposes.

**K. RETURN OF AND CREDIT FOR UNUSED MEDICATIONS**

AHCCCS and its Contractors shall require the return of unused medications to the outpatient pharmacy from Nursing Facilities (NFs) upon the discontinuance of prescriptions due to the transfer, discharge, or death of a member. A payment/credit reversal shall be issued for unused prescription medications by the outpatient pharmacy to AHCCCS or the appropriate AHCCCS Contractor. The pharmacy may charge a reasonable restocking fee as agreed upon with AHCCCS and its Contractors. The return of unused prescription medication shall be in accordance with Federal and State laws. A.A.C. R4-23-409 allows for this type of return and the redistribution of medications

under certain circumstances. Documentation shall be maintained and shall include the quantity of medication dispensed and utilized by the member. A credit shall be issued to AHCCCS, if the member is enrolled in the AIHP, TRBHA, or FFS Program, or to the member's Contractor for members who are not FFS when the unused medication is returned to the pharmacy for redistribution.

#### **L. DISCARDED PHYSICIAN-ADMINISTERED MEDICATIONS**

Discarded federally and state reimbursable physician-administered medications shall not be billed to AHCCCS or its Contractors. A.A.C. R9-22-209(C) provides that pharmaceutical services are covered only if they are prescribed. The unused portion of a physician administered drug is not covered because it is not medically necessary or prescribed.

A.R.S. §36-2918(A)(1) prohibits a person from making a claim for an item or service that the person knows or has reason to know was not provided as claimed.

A.R.S. §36-2918(A)(3)(b) prohibits a person from submitting a claim for items and services that substantially exceed the needs of the patient.

#### **M. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA FOR SMOKING CESSATION AIDS**

AHCCCS has established prior authorization criteria for smoking cessation aids (refer to AMPM Exhibit 300-1).

#### **N. PA CRITERIA FOR DIRECT ACTING ANTIVIRAL TREATMENT FOR HEPATITIS C**

AHCCCS has established PA criteria for the use of medications for the treatment of Hepatitis C (refer to AMPM Policy 320-N).

#### **O. VACCINES AND EMERGENCY MEDICATIONS ADMINISTERED BY PHARMACISTS TO INDIVIDUALS THREE YEARS OF AGE AND OLDER**

AHCCCS covers vaccines and emergency medication without a prescription order when administered by a pharmacist who is currently licensed and certified by the Arizona State Board of Pharmacy consistent with the limitations of this Policy and A.R.S. §32-1974.

1. For purposes of this section, "Emergency Medication" means emergency epinephrine and diphenhydramine. "Vaccines" are limited to AHCCCS covered vaccines as noted in the AMPM Policy 310-M.
2. Pharmacists and pharmacy interns under the supervision of a pharmacist, within their scope of practice, may only administer influenza immunizations to **children** who are three years through 18 years of age.

3. Pharmacists and pharmacy interns under the supervision of a pharmacist, within their scope of practice, may administer AHCCCS covered immunizations to **adults** 19 years and older pursuant to A.R.S. §32-1974.
4. The pharmacy providing the vaccine shall be an AHCCCS registered provider (see note below regarding Indian Health Services (IHS)/638 outpatient facilities).
5. Contractors retain the discretion to determine the coverage of vaccine administration by pharmacists and coverage is limited to the Contractor's network pharmacies.
6. IHS and 638 pharmacists and pharmacy interns under the supervision of a pharmacist, within their scope of practice, may only administer influenza immunizations to **children** who are three years of age through 18 years of age.
7. IHS and 638 pharmacists and pharmacy interns under the supervision of a pharmacist, within their scope of practice, may administer immunizations to **adults** 19 years of age and older pursuant to A.R.S. §32-1974.
8. IHS and 638 Pharmacies may bill the outpatient all-inclusive rate for influenza vaccine for children under 19 years of age and adult vaccines as defined in the AHCCCS Fee-For-Service Provider Manual, Chapter 12 Pharmacy Services and the AHCCCS IHS/Tribal Provider Billing Manual, Chapter 10 Pharmacy Services.

**P. 340B COVERED ENTITIES AND CLAIM SUBMISSION**

A.R.S. §36-2930.03. requires:

1. 340B covered entities to submit AHCCCS Member point-of-sale prescription and physician-administered drug claims, that are identified on the 340B pricing file, whether or not the drugs are purchased under the 340B Drug Pricing Program at the lesser of:
  - a. The Actual Acquisition Cost, or
  - b. The 340B Ceiling Price.
2. Drugs dispensed to AHCCCS members by a 340B Covered Entity pharmacy shall be reimbursed a Professional Fee.
3. Drugs administered to AHCCCS members by a 340B Covered Entity provider shall not be reimbursed a Professional Fee.
4. The administration and its contractors shall not reimburse 340B Contracted Pharmacies for drugs that are purchased, dispensed, or administered as part of or subject to the 340B Drug Pricing Program.

Licensed hospitals and outpatient facilities that are owned or operated by a licensed hospital are excluded from this statute.



For additional details on claim submission and reimbursement refer to A.R.S. §36-2930.03

A.A.C. R-9-22-710(C) describes the reimbursement methodology to be used by AHCCCS and its Contractors for Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) and FQHC Look-Alike Pharmacies for 340B drugs as well as reimbursement for Contract Pharmacies that have entered into a 340B drug purchasing arrangement with any 340B entity. The Rule also specifies reimbursement for FQHC and FQHC Look-Alike Pharmacies for drugs, which are not part of the 340B Drug Pricing Program. The rule is located on the A.A.C. R9-22-709.

#### **Q. PHARMACEUTICAL REBATES**

The Contractor, including the Contractor's PBM, is prohibited from negotiating any rebates with drug manufacturers for preferred or other pharmaceutical products when AHCCCS has a supplemental rebate contract for the product(s). A listing of products covered under supplemental rebate agreements will be available on the AHCCCS website under the Pharmacy Information section. If the Contractor or its PBM has an existing rebate agreement with a manufacturer, all outpatient drug claims, including provider-administered drugs for which AHCCCS is obtaining supplemental rebates, shall be exempt from such rebate agreements.

#### **R. INFORMED CONSENT**

Informed consent shall be obtained from the member, or as applicable, the member's Health Care Decision Maker for each psychotropic medication prescribed. The comprehensive clinical record shall include documentation of the essential elements for obtaining informed consent. Essential elements for obtaining informed consent for

medication are contained within Attachment A. The use of Attachment A is recommended as a tool to document informed consent for psychotropic medications. Additional information is contained in AMPM Policy 320-Q.

#### **S. YOUTH ASSENT**

##### **Youth and Psychotropic Medications**

Youth under the age of 18 are to be educated on options, allowed to provide input, and encouraged to assent to medication(s) being prescribed. Information is discussed with the youth in a clear and age-appropriate manner consistent with the developmental needs of the youth.

The information to be shared with a minor patient shall be consistent with the information shared in obtaining informed consent from adults. Informed consent for a minor shall be obtained through the minor's authorized Health Care Decision Maker unless the minor is emancipated.

Discussion of the youth's ability to give consent for medications at the age of 18 years old is begun no later than age 17½ years old, especially for youth who are not in the custody of their parents.

Special attention shall be given to the effect of medications on the reproductive status and pregnancy, as well as long term effects on weight, abnormal involuntary movements, and other health parameters.

Evidence of the youth's consent to continue medications after his/her 18<sup>th</sup> birthday may be documented through use of Attachment A.

**T. COMPLEMENTARY AND ALTERNATIVE MEDICINE**

Complementary and Alternative Medicine is not AHCCCS reimbursable.